

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 05/17/2004

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/725,817	12/01/2003	Cechan Tian	064731.0411	064731.0411 3602	
5073 75	90 05/17/2004		EXAMINER		
BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.			HELLNER, MARK		
2001 ROSS AVENUE SUITE 600			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DALLAS, TX 75201-2980			3663		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	, r			
Office Action Summary		10/725,817	TIAN ET AL.	<i>⁵</i> 7:			
		Examiner `	Art Unit				
		Mark Hellner	3663				
T Period for R	he MAILING DATE of this communication app Peply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addr	ess			
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the peri - If NO peri - Failure to Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY ILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Is of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Of for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, received by the Office later than three months after the mailing attent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirm within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comi O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.			
Status							
1)∏ Re	sponsive to communication(s) filed on	_•					
2a) <u></u> ⊤h	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)∐ Sir	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
clo	sed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.				
Disposition	of Claims						
4)⊠ Cla	aim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a)	Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5)∏ Cla	aim(s) is/are allowed.						
	aim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.						
-	aim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) 📙 Cla	aim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application	Papers						
9)∐ The	e specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
-	e drawing(s) filed on <u>01 December 2003</u> is/a			er.			
	plicant may not request that any objection to the o						
	placement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti e oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	,		-(d) or (f).				
1.L 2.Г			on No				
ع.ر 3.آ				age			
. 5.	application from the International Bureau						
* See	the attached detailed Office action for a list		d.				
	,						
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of	References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
3) 🛛 Information	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) o(s)/Mail Date 05072004.	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		52)			
			<del></del>				

Application/Control Number: 10/725,817

Art Unit: 3663

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims1-38 of U.S. Patent No. 6,690,508. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because a person of ordinary skill in the art would have been able to construct a device meeting the limitations of claims 1-16 of the present application when given the information provided by claims 1-38 of USPN 6,690,508.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 9 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bonnedal et al.

Application/Control Number: 10/725,817 Page 3

Art Unit: 3663

Bonnedal et al disclose an optical amplifier comprising: a pump laser (12) operable to generate pump energy; a gain medium (11) coupled to the pump laser and operable to amplify optical signals; a controller (18) coupled to the pump laser and the gain medium based on signals from a feedforward block (14) and a feedback block (15).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 10 and 12-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonnedal et al.

The subject matter of claims 10 and 12-16 recited well known properties that would have been considered during the control of a pump laser of the type disclosed by Bonnedal et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Mark Hellner at telephone number 703 306 4155.

Mark Hellner

May 7, 2004

MARK HELLIVER PRIMARY EXAMINER

Mark Hellun